Security Technologies for SoCs

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https://hdl.handle.net/2324/9115

出版情報:SLRC プレゼンテーション, 2005-07-15. 九州大学システムLSI研究センター バージョン: 権利関係:



Security Technologies for SoCs

Hiroto Yasuura System LSI Research Center Kyushu University

Silicon Sea Belt

SLRC* Security Technologies for SoCs

- SoC and Social Information Infrastructures
- Security and SoC Design
- Technical Challenges
- QuPID
- Conclusion



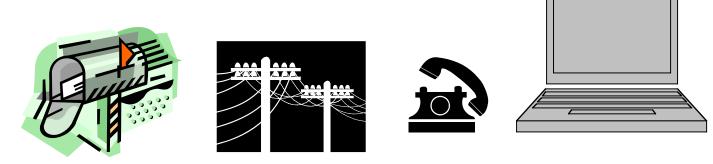
MPSoC Challenges

- Challenges to Physical Barriers
 - PTV variability, Reliability, High-Performance, Power Consumption, Interconnect, Clock Distribution, Modeling, Simulation…
- Challenges to Logical Complexity
 - New Applications, NoC, Platform, OS, System Description, QoS, Semantic Gaps, Algorithms, Verification…
- Challenges to Social Problems
 - Security, Smart Card, Quality, Reliability…



IT as a Basis of Social Infrastructure

- In the 20th century, many information and communication technologies were developed and introduced in various social infrastructures.
- Governmental services, economical activities, energy supplies, transportation services and communication services are provided based on the information technology.





Rapid Progress of IT Changed Time Constants

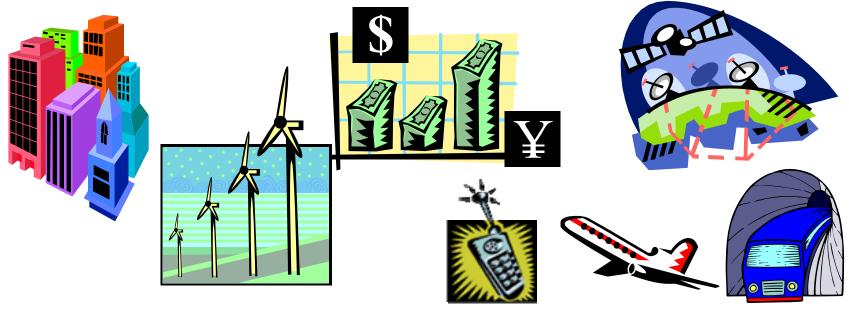
- Time of information transfer and processing has been shortened drastically by IT.(x10⁻⁶-10⁻⁹)
- Basic design of social systems was not supposed the speed-up of information spreading. Time constants of the systems are completely changed and the stability of the systems is not guaranteed.
 - Stock and foreign exchange markets
 - e-commerce, e-government, eeducation,...





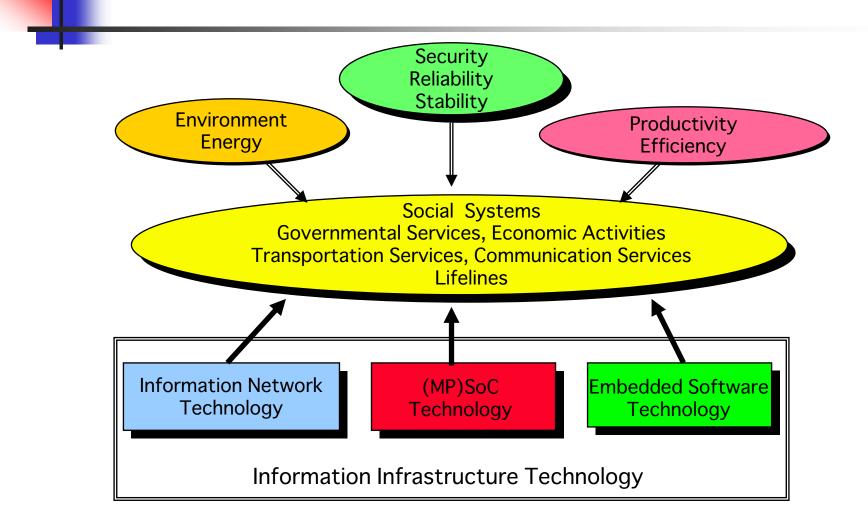
Needs for Reconstruction of Social Infrastructures

 We have to redesign and reconstruct the Social Infrastructures and Social Systems based on the advanced information technology. (e-JAPAN Project)



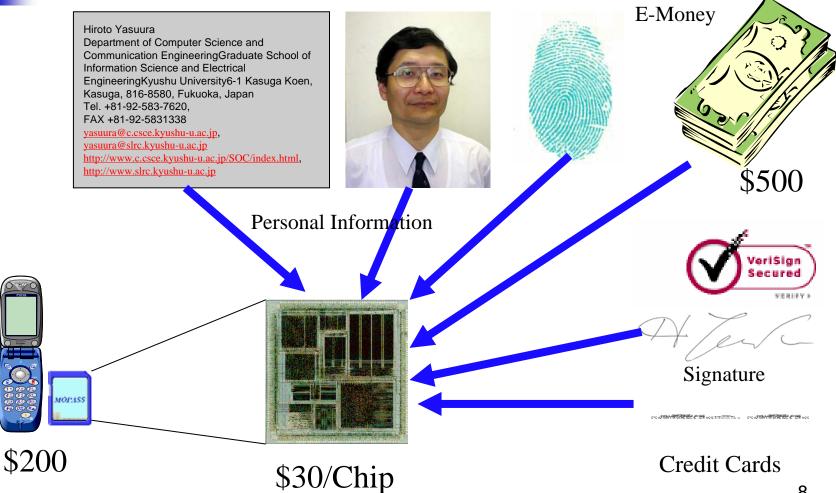


Information Infrastructure Technologies





Values on a Chip



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Major Problem?

- How to handle Credit, Value and Property on SoC.
- 1,000\$ on a 10\$ chip.



Metal Coins (before BC 10th C)

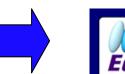
•Value: Metal •Conservation: Metal the law of the indestructibility of matter

2,000 years



Paper Bill (10th C)

Value: Printed information guaranteed by governments and/or banks.
Conservation: Paper



1,000 years



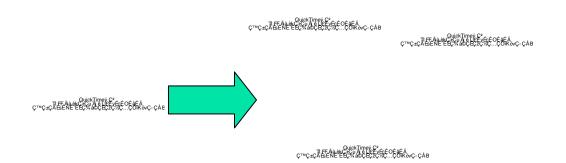
Electric Money (21st C)

Value: Digital Information.Conservation: Digital Information?



Kids know the problems

- Can we securely treat "values" as copyfree digital information?
- In the game world
 - Illegal copy of PIKACHU
 - Virtual money in online games





Social Problems

- Diversification of Issuers of Money
 - Private Money
 - Mileage of Airlines, Points of Credit Cards, etc.
 - Foreign currency (US \$, Euro, Yen, etc.)
- Influences upon National Fiscal System
 - Tax Collection
 - Tax for Electric Commerce
 - Tax for Trade of Private Money
 - How to Trap and Verify Them
- New Social Systems and Technologies for Them
 - Information Technology for Value and Credit
 - Private Property Management
 - New Systems for Value Circulation
- Security and Trustworthiness Technologies
 - Crime Prevention
 - Copy Management of the Value and Credit

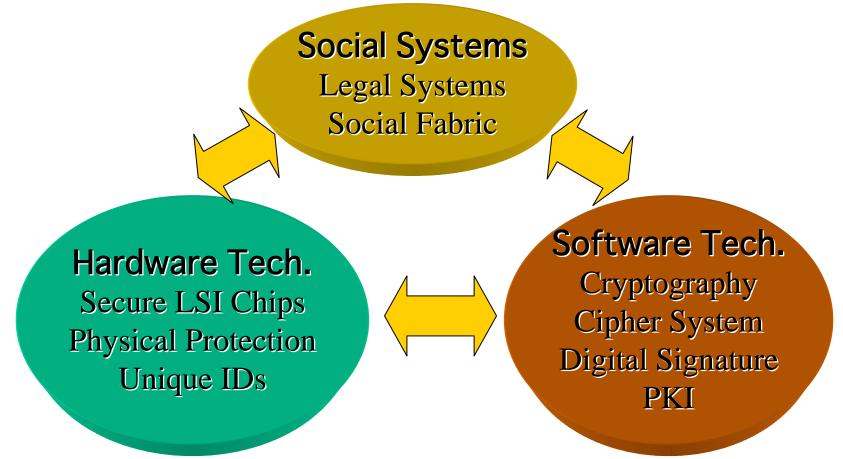


Principles for Design of Information Infrastructure

- Protecting privacy and properties of individuals as well as security of systems and societies
 - Security technologies
 - Simple and comprehensive mechanisms for easy understanding
- Economical and technological feasibility
 - Reliability and stability
 - Flexibility and extensibility against rapid progress of technologies
 - Resistibility and recoverability to attacks and crisis
 - No more Energy for new services
- Challenges of Information Technology



Technologies for Security



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Technological Challenges

- What are the basic Technologies for treating "Credit, Value and Property"?
 - Authentication
 - How to authenticate your business partner
 - How to authenticate yourself
 - Value Assurance
 - How to assure the value trading
 - How to believe security of your property on IT



Researches on Security in IT

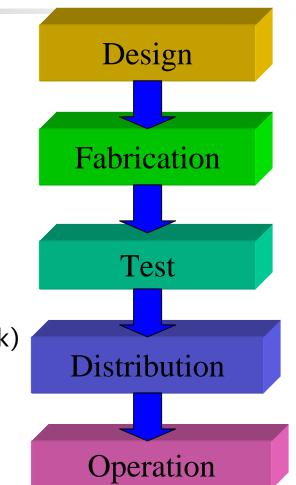
- Cryptography
 - Public key system (RSA, Elliptic Curve etc.)
 - Design and Analysis
 - Applications and Standardization
- Secure Information System
 - Protection from attacks (Fire walls, Network structure)
- Security in Communication
 - Secure Protocols
- Security for Software
 - Protections from virus and warms
- Security for Hardware
 - Anti-tampering
 - Side Channel Attack





Possible Attacks for LSIs

- What is attacked?
 - Information on LSIs
 - Circuit and system in LSIs
 - Social systems and/or personal properties
- When LSIs are attacked?
 - In design and fabrication stages
 - In test stage
 - During operation
- Why are LSIs attacked?
 - Get some benefit (Silent and invisible attack)
 - Destroy systems (Terrorism)





Technical Problems in SoC

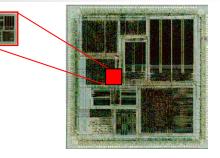
Security core

New functions in LSIs for security

- Cryptography, Authentication, Watermark
- Security Core IP
- Resistance to attacking and tampering
- Design, verification and test techniques
 - Secure Design and Test scheme



- Fabrication
 - Secure Fabrication
 - New devices and/or materials
 - Embedded security core
- Operation and Distribution
 - Prevention and detection
 - Recovery
 - Wireless communication
 - Human and social factors

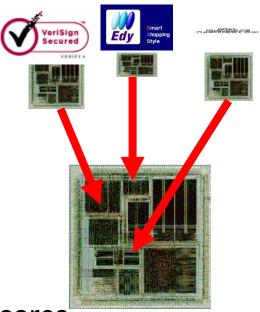






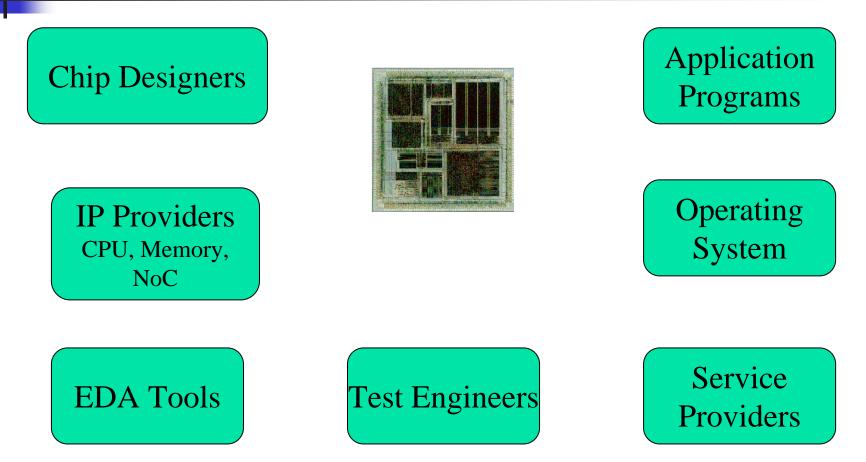
Security Cores

- Core for Security Functions
 - Authentication and Value Assurance
 - Cryptography: Algorithms and Key information
 - Anti-tampering
- How to implement
 - Software: processors and memories
 - IP: Secure design flow
 - Chip: SiP (System in Package)
- How to design and fabricate
 - Design tools
 - Fabrication lines
 - Test methods
- Interfaces and Protocols to the security cores

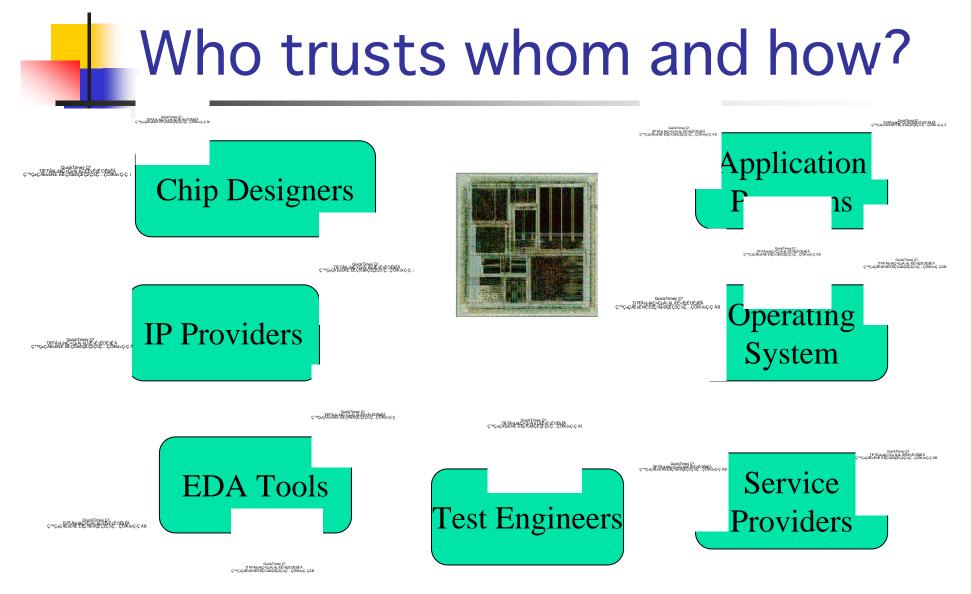




Who trusts whom and how?









Design Problems of SoC

- Power and Performance
 - Extra computation for security
- Test
 - DFT introduces some risks
 - Special test methods
- Anti-Tampering technology
 - Prevent from side channel attacks
- Anti-Counterfeit technology
 - Unique ID for a chip

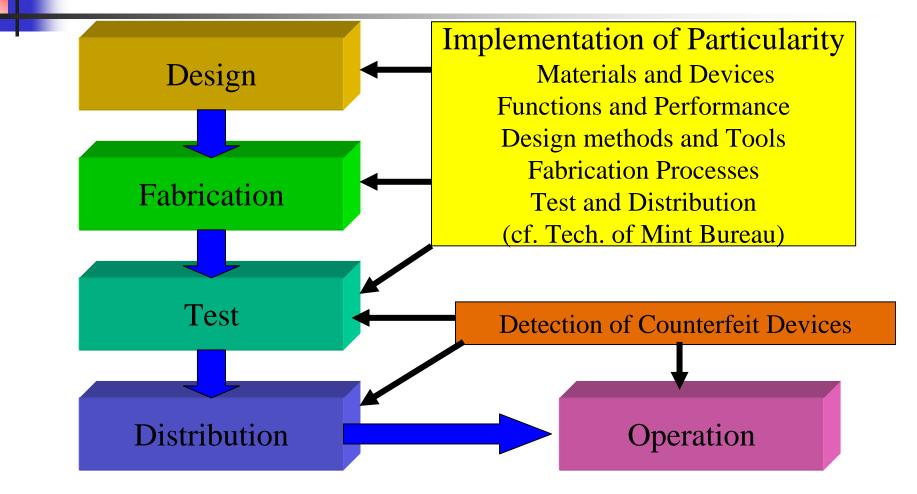


Threat of Counterfeit

- Examples
 - Counterfeit note (e-money)
 - Illegal ROM for Pachinco
 - Counterfeit of certifications (passports, drivers licenses and credit cards)
- Is the SoC a purse or money?

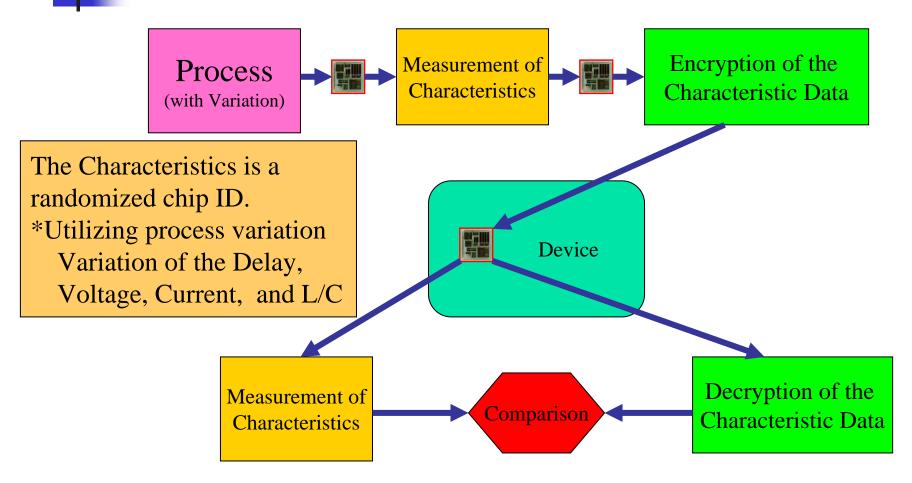


Countermeasures for Counterfeit





Detection of Counterfeit Devices



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Project Q : QuPID

 Experiments for New Social Information Infrastructures in moderately unrestricted society

•Campus Card with QuPID

•IDs for students, staff with multiple usage

•Keys to buildings, facilities, and parking

Access control to campus information

•E-money

•E-administration

Services to Students

•NTT, Panasonic etc.

•RFID Tags to Equipments

•Library

- •Equipments management
- •Hazard identification

•Moving to the new campus



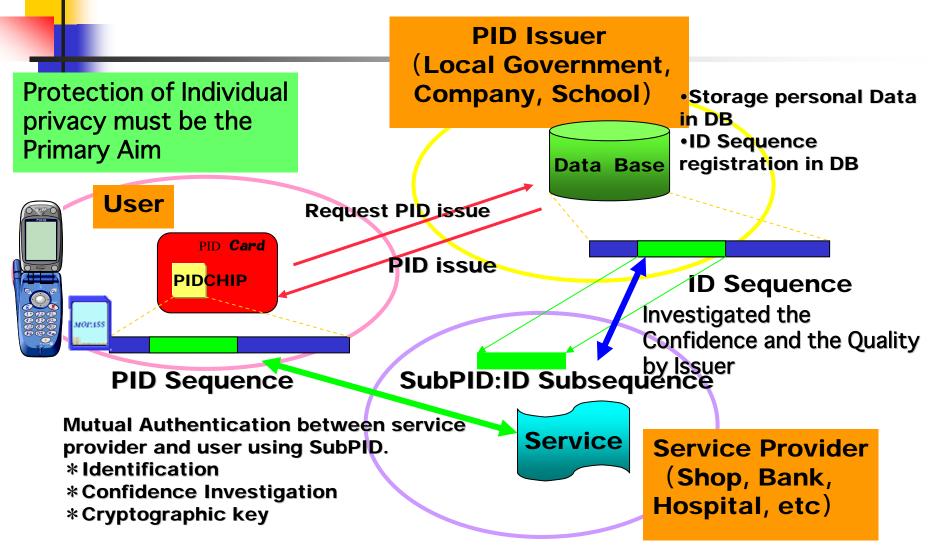
Panasonic ideas for life



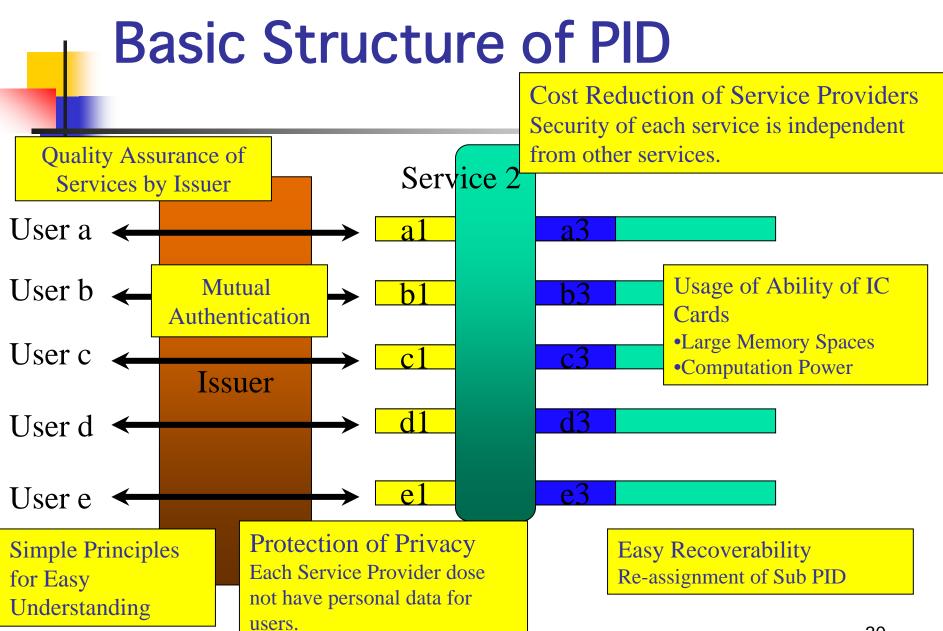
New campus of Kyushu University Open in 2005.



QuPID: Personal ID (PID) System









Technical Challenges

- Mutual authentication for multiple services
- Multiple application system
 - Services on campus using PID system
 - Trial of e-money and e-commerce
 - PID on IC Cards, Mobile Phones and Back-end Systems
- LSI Architecture for Security and Privacy Protection
 - Resistance to tampering
 - Anti-counterfeit technology
 - Test and verification techniques
- Low Power RF and Cryptographic Computation
 - Hash and Cryptographic functions
 - Secure RF communications
- New Business Models
 - Fukuoka-Card (Local money and new services)

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Conclusion

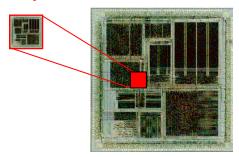
- New Application Area of LSI Technologies
 - Requirement of Standard Technologies
 - Collaboration with Communication and Software
 - Big Chance of New Business
 - Authentication, e-money and e-commerce
- New Social Infrastructure
 - Infrastructure of New Economic Systems
 - Basic Technology for Ubiquitous Computing Society
- National Security
 - Money System and Tax Collection
 - Secure and Safe Society
 - New Social Fabrics



Projects for Social Information Infrastructure



Security Core



Social System Level Social Systems(Money, Tax, Commerce) Laws, Economic Systems, Communication Networks

> Information System Level IC Card, mobile phone, PCs Software, OS and Compiler Cryptography, Privacy Protection Embedded Software

Device and LSI Level Security on an LSI Chip Secure Design, Fabrication, and Test Security IP Core Counterfeit chip detection





Money as a link between the present and the uncertain future

-John Maynard Keynes