九州大学学術情報リポジトリ Kyushu University Institutional Repository

New records of Three Gall Forming Psyllids from Tanegashima Is., Kagoshima Prefecture (Hemiptera: Psylloidea), with One Species New to The Japanese Fauna

Miyatake, Yorio

Ogata, Koreyoshi Tanegashima Development Center (Gun Museum)

https://doi.org/10.5109/6610219

出版情報: ESAKIA. 55, pp. 28-30, 2022-12-31. 九州大学大学院農学研究院昆虫学教室

バージョン: 権利関係:

New records of Three Gall-Forming Psyllids from Tanegashima Is., Kagoshima Prefecture (Hemiptera: Psylloidea), with One Species New to The Japanese Fauna

Yorio MIYATAKE¹⁾ and Koreyoshi OGATA²⁾

- 1) 220–1–609, Shinga-cho, Kashihara, Nara Pref., 634-0006 Japan. E-mail: yk-miya@m5.kcn.ne.jp
- 2) Tanegashima Development Center (Gun Museum), Nishino-omote 7585, Nishino-omote, Kagoshima Pref., 891-3101 Japan

Abstract. Three gall-forming psyllids are newly recorded from Tanegashima Is., Kagoshima Prefecture, S. Japan, with one of which is new to the Japanese fauna.

Key words: Caesalpinia, Cryptocarya, Euphalerus hiurai, subtropical forest, Syzygium, Trioza exoterica, Trioza pentaspina.

Introduction

Any species of psyllids has not been known from Tanegashima Is., Kagoshima Prefecture, so far. Three species, *Euphalerus hiurai* Miyatake, *Trioza pentaspina* Matsumoto, and *Trioza exoterica* Yang are newly added to the fauna of Tanegashima Is. *Trioza exoteria* is also new addition to the Japanese fauna. All of them are gall formers and producing different types of gall on the host plant.

Examined specimens are preserved in the collections of the Osaka Museum of Natural History (OMNH) and National Agriculture and Food Research Organization (NARO) separately. Before going further, our appreciation due to Mr. Koichi Kaburagi for providing material, and Dr. Hiromitsu Inoue of the National Agriculture and Food Research Organization for various informations.

Family Psyllidae

Euphalerus hiurai Miyatake, 1973

[Japanese name:Jaketsuibara-kijirami] (Fig. 1)

Specimens examined: Many galls, Ohno-rindo, Anjyo, Nishino-omote, 12.viii.2008, K. Kaburagi leg, on *Caesalpinia decapetala*. Many galls, Anjyo, Nishino-omote, 9.ix.2008, K. Ogata leg., on *C. decapetala*; 11♂8♀, same localiy, emerged from galls, 15.ix–22.x, 2008

(OMNH).

Adult: Overall length from anterior margin of head to tip of folded wings 2.8–3.5mm. Forewing subrhomboidal, with conspicuous maculation of dark brown or black.

Nymph: Psylline type, 5th instar crawling out from galls for emergence.

Distribution: Japan (Honshu, Tanegashima Is.). **Host plant:** "Jaketsu-ibara" — *Caesalpinia decapetale* (Roth) Alston [Fabaceae]

Galls: Fold type, well swollen, 6–8 mm in length. Each gall usually keeps 1 or 2 nymphs inside, and sometimes more.

Biology: Univoltine, hibernating takes place in the stage of egg on the surface of trunk (Miyatake 1973). Adult emerges in September.

Family Triozidae

Trioza pentaspina Matsumoto, 1995

[Japanese name: Kebuka-togari-kijirami] (Figs 2–3)

Specimens examined: Many galls, Sakai-Yasuodani, Nakatane-cho, 30.vi.2007, K. Kaburagi leg., on *Syzygium jambos*; $4 \circlearrowleft 3 \updownarrow (OMNH)$, $2 \circlearrowleft 2 \updownarrow (NARO)$. emerged from galls 1-6.vii.2007. $5 \circlearrowleft 8 \updownarrow (NARO)$, Tanegashima Is., Kagoshima Pref., vi. 1999, K. Ogata leg., on *S. jambos*.



FIGURE 1. Euphalerus hiurai Miyatake. 1, female; 2, galls.

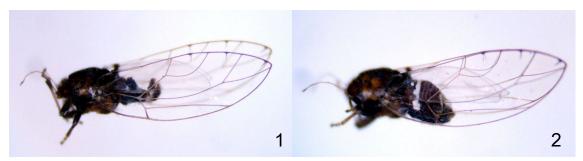


FIGURE 2. Trioza pentaspina Matsumoto. 1, male; 2, female.



FIGURE 3. Trioza pentaspina Matsumoto. 1, 4th and 5th instar nymphs; 2, galls.

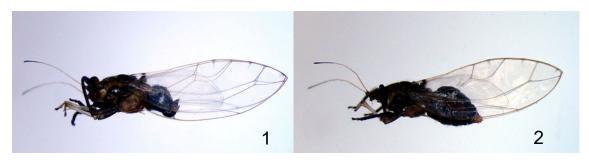


FIGURE 4. Trioza exoterica Yang. 1, male; 2, female.

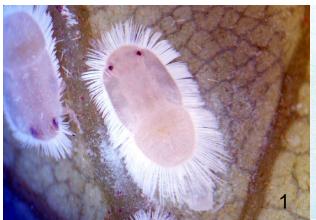




FIGURE 5. Trioza exoterica Yang. 1, 5th instar nymph; 2, galls.

Adult: Overall length from anterior margin of head to tip of folded wings 3.8–3.9 mm. Body color dark brown to black, abdomen with conspicuous white wax band basally.

Nymph (5th instar): Triozine type, oval, yellowish, about 2 mm in length, body margin covered with short wax threads.

Distribution: Japan (Tanegashima Is., Yakushima Is., Amamioshima Is., Okinoerabu Is., Okinawa Is., Kumejima Is., Iriomote Is.). Distribution is updated based on the recent information including unpublished data.

Host plant: "Futomomo" — Syzygium jambos (L.) Alston [Myrtaceae]

Galls: Pit fall type, infested leaf sometimes fat and twisted.

Trioza exoterica Yang, 1984

[Japanese name: Shinakusumodoki-togarikijirami] (Figs 4–5)

Specimens examined: Many galls, Yamano-oda, Sakai, Nakatane-cho, 22.v.2008, K. Kaburagi leg., on *Cryptocarya chinensis*; $9 \circlearrowleft 5 \updownarrow$ (OMNH), $2 \circlearrowleft 2 \updownarrow$ (NARO), same locarity, emerged from galls, 25.v. -1.vi.2008.

Adult: Body glossy black. Overall length from anterior margin of head to tip of folded wings 3.8-3.9 mm. Forewing quite long, nearly two

times as long as body.

Nymph (5th instar): 2.1–2.3mm in length, triozine type, elongate oval, about 2 times as long as wide, yellowish white with conspicuous red eyes, body margin covered with long white wax threads densely.

Distribution: Japan (Tanegashima Is.); Taiwan **Host plant:** "Shinakusumodoki" – *Cryptocarya chinensis* (Hance)Hemsl. [Lauraceae]

Galls: Leaf margin roll type, with many nymphs inside, 5th instar nymph crawling out for emergence.

References

Matsumoto K, 1995. The systematic study on the genus *Trioza* (Homoptera: Psylloidea) from Amamiôshima Is. and Tokunoshima Is., Kagoshima Prefecture, S. Japan, with descriptions of three new species. *Japanese Journal of Entomology*, **63**(3): 589–605.

Miyatake Y, 1973. Studies on the genus *Euphalerus* of Japan, with description of a new species (Homoptera: Psyllidae). *Bulletin of the Osaka Museum of Natural History*, (27): 23–28, pl.2.

Yang, CT, 1984. Psyllidae of Taiwan. *Taiwan Museum Special Publication Series*, (3): 305 pp.