九州大学学術情報リポジトリ Kyushu University Institutional Repository

Supplementary materials for the manuscript entitled "Serum Mac-2 binding protein glycosylation isomer concentrations are associated with incidence of type 2 diabetes."

Higashioka, Mayu

Department of Epidemiology and Public Health, Graduate School of Medical Sciences, Kyushu University, Fukuoka, Japan

Hirakawa, Yoichiro

Department of Epidemiology and Public Health, Graduate School of Medical Sciences, Kyushu University, Fukuoka, Japan

Hata, Jun

Department of Epidemiology and Public Health, Graduate School of Medical Sciences, Kyushu University, Fukuoka, Japan

Honda, Takanori

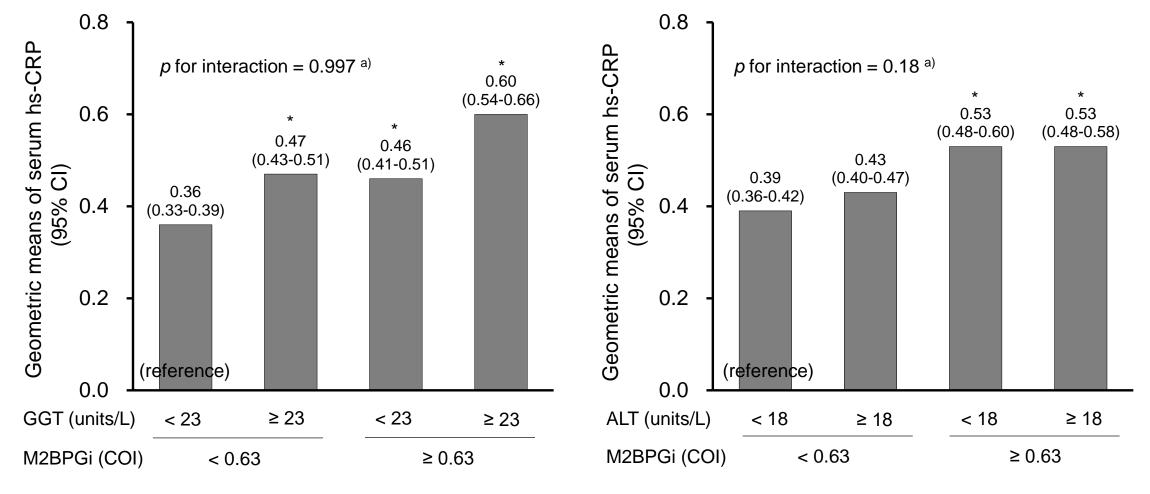
Department of Epidemiology and Public Health, Graduate School of Medical Sciences, Kyushu University, Fukuoka, Japan

他

https://hdl.handle.net/2324/4842509

出版情報:2022-10-01

バージョン: 権利関係:



Supplementary figure 3. Geometric mean values of serum hs-CRP according to serum levels of Mac-2 binding protein glycosylation isomer and liver enzymes.

SI conversion factors: To convert units/L values to µkat/L, multiply serum ALT and GGT values by 0.0167.

The values were adjusted for age, sex, family history of diabetes, hypertension, serum total cholesterol, serum HDL cholesterol, serum triglycerides (log-transformed), use of lipid-modifying agents, BMI, positivity for HBsAg or HCV Ab, current smoking, current drinking, regular exercise, and number of health examinations received during follow-up.

p < 0.01 vs. reference

a) The interactions of the geometric means of HOMA-IR according to serum M2BPGi levels and serum liver enzyme levels were tested by adding a multiplicative interaction term between serum M2BPGi levels and subgroups of serum liver enzymes to the relevant model.

Abbreviations: ALT, alanine aminotransferase; COI, cut-off index; CI, confidence interval; GGT, γ-glutamyl transferase; HBsAg, hepatitis B surface antigen; HCV Ab, hepatitis C antibody; hs-CRP, high-sensitivity C-reactive protein; M2BPGi, Mac-2 binding protein glycosylation isomer.