

Subgeneric Positions and Redescriptions of East Asian *Andrena* Preserved in Two U. S. Natural History Museums (Hymenoptera, Andrenidae)

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Subgeneric Positions and Redescriptions of East Asian *Andrena* Preserved in Two U. S. Natural History Museums (Hymenoptera, Andrenidae)^{1), 2), 3)}

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Abstract. Six species of the genus *Andrena* described by Cockerell from China and Japan, which are preserved in the National Museum of Natural History, Smithsonian Institution, Washington D. C. and the American Museum of Natural History, New York, are examined. Three synonyms are newly recognized, *Andrena praecociformis* Cockerell and *Andrena speculella* Cockerell are synonymized with *Andrena hebes* Perez and *Andrena melanospila* Cockerell, respectively, in addition, *Andrena* (*Simandrena*) *koma* Hirashima is synonymized with *Andrena delicatula* Cockerell. *Andrena* (*Leucandrena*) *melanospila*, *A.* (*Leucandrena*) *delicatula*, *A.* (*Taeniandrena*) *callopyrrha* are redescribed and firstly given their subgeneric positions, *A.* (*Melandrena*) *crassepunctata* is redescribed and transferred from the subgenus *Gymnandrena*.

Key words: Taxonomy, Hymenoptera, Andrenidae, *Andrena*, Asia, types of US museums.

Introduction

Cockerell (1911, 1918, 1929, 1931a, 1931b) described eighteen new species of the genus *Andrena* from China and Japan. Some Japanese species were treated by Hirashima (1962-1966), but *Andrena praecociformis* Cockerell remained an undetermined species (Hirashima, 1965). In this paper, we recognize *Andrena praecociformis* as a new synonym of *Andrena hebes* Perez. We also examined 5 type species described from China and recognize *Andrena speculella* Cockerell as new synonym of *Andrena*

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melanospila Cockerell, in addition, *A. (Simandrena) koma* Hirashima is synonymized with *A. delicaluta* Cockerell. *Andrena (Leucandrena) melanospila*, *A. (Leucandrena) delicatula* and *A. (Taeniandrena) callopyrrha* are redescribed and firstly given their subgeneric positions, *A. (Melandrena) crassepunctata* is also redescribed and given the subgeneric position.

1. *Andrena (Euandrena) hebes* Perez

Andrena hebes Perez, 1905, Bull. Mus. d'Hist. Nat., Paris, 35 [female, Japan]; Cockerell, 1913, Ann. Mag. nat. Hist., (8)11: 154; Alfken, 1932, Mitt. Deut. ent. Ges., 3: 117 [female & male]; Uéda, 1954, Trans. Shikou ent. Soc., 4: 50 [in list]; Yasumatsu, 1941, Peking nat. Hist. Bull., 15: 276 [in list].

Andrena (Euandrena) hebes: Hirashima, 1964, J. Fac. Agr., Kyushu Univ., 13: 46-49 [redescription, female & male, Japan]; Hirashima, 1966, J. Fac. Agr., Kyushu Univ., 14: 109 [female in key], 119 [male in key]; Tadauchi & Hirashima, 1984, Esakia, (22): 108 [female & male, in key].

Andrena praecociformis Cockerell, 1911, Proc. U. S. nat. Mus., 40: 243 [male, Japan]; Cockerell, 1913, Ann. Mag. nat. Hist., 8(11): 190 [male]; Yasumatsu, 1941, Peking nat. Hist. Bull., 15: 279 [in list]; Hirashima, 1965, J. Fac. Agr., Kyushu Univ., 13: 516. New **synonymy**

Type material examined: Holotype male of *Andrena praecociformis* Cockerell, Nishigahara, Tokyo, Japan, No. 13530, U. S. N. M.

Remarks: The type of *Andrena praecociformis* Cockerell, 1911 has less black hairs on the face and the sides of propodeum, but it has the characteristics of *A. hebes* Perez, 1905, such as the distinct malar space and the genital capsule with dorsal lobes of gonocoxites more elongate. So we decided *A. praecociformis* is a new synonym of *A. hebes*.

Distribution: Japan (Honshu, Sado Is., Shikoku, Kyushu).

Floral records: See Hirashima (1964).

Flight records: Female: mid March to late April. Male: mid March.

2. *Andrena (Leucandrena) melanospila* Cockerell

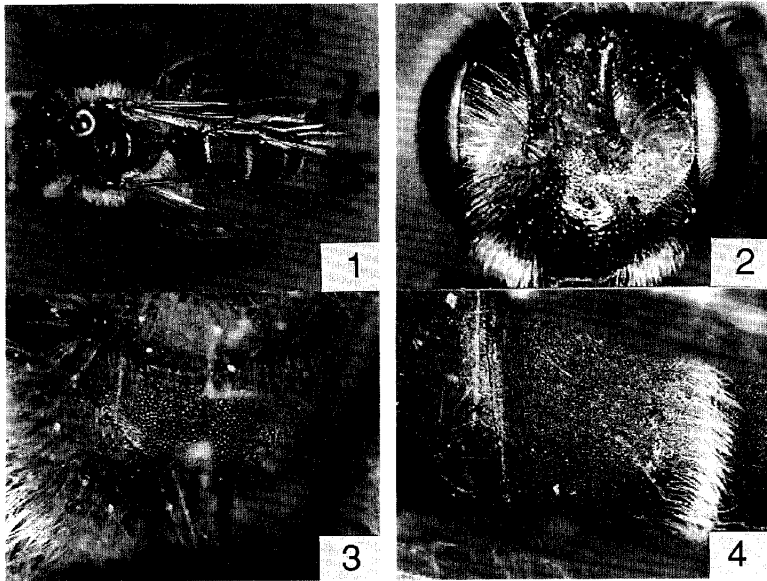
(Figs. 1-4)

Andrena melanospila Cockerell, 1918, Ann. Mag. nat. Hist., (9)2: 481 [female, China]; Yasumatsu, 1941, Peking nat. Hist. Bull., 15: 278 [in list].

Andrena speculella Cockerell, 1931, Amer. Mus. Nov., (466): 12 [female, China]; Yasumatsu, 1941, Peking nat. Hist. Bull., 15: 280 [in list]; Wu, 1965, Econ. Insects China IX, Apoidea: 32 [China]. New **synonymy**

Redescription of the type of *melanospila*: **Female**: BL 10.0 mm, WL 8.5 mm.

Color: Flagellum reddish brown beneath; mandible almost reddened; wing membrane infumate, veins and pterostigma reddish brown; tibial spurs yellowish; posterior depressions of metasomal terga reddish brown.



Figs. 1-4. *Andrena (Leucandrena) melanospila* Cockerell, 1: dorsal view of the whole body; 2: head in frontal view; 3: propodeum; 4: metasomal terga.

Pubescence: Hairs on head and thorax dense, dull whitish to bright brown: those on clypeus short ($200-250\mu$), sparser medially, denser at extreme angle area: those on vertex ($300-500\mu$), sparse, bright brown; those on genal area more or less dense, whitish: facial fovea brown. Hairs on mesoscutum ($400-500\mu$), bright brown posteriorly, paler anteriorly; those on scutellum and metanotum long, dense and yellowish: propodeal corbicula well developed with complete anterior fringes, without internal hairs: mesepisternum with long, whitish hairs; trochanteral floccus perfect, whitish; femoral floccus dense; tibial scopal hairs moderately long, simple, whitish in front, bright brown above. Hairs on metasomal terga scanty except T_{1-2} with long ($400-600\mu$), whitish hairs; T_{3-4} with short hairs at sides; T_{2-4} with complete white hair bands apically; caudal fimbria brown; S_{2-4} with long white subapical fimbriae, S_5 with brown fimbria.

Structure: Head: $HL / HW = 0.78$. $HW : MsW : MtW = 3.0 : 3.0 : 3.2$. Vertex finely tessellate. $OOD : POD : OCD = 0.6 : 0.4 : 0.2$. $FL_1 < FL_2 + 3$, $FL_1 \neq FL_3$. Eyes with inner margins paralleled. Facial fovea slightly exceeding below a line at lower margins antennal fossae, broad, $FVL = 1.1$ mm, $FVW = 0.5$ mm. Facial quadrangle broader than long (about $2.2 : 2.0$). Clypeus smooth and shiny except weakly tessellate laterally. surface with broad, median longitudinal impunctate space, sparse $PP \phi 20-40\mu$, irregular in distribution, dense $PP \phi 10\mu$, $IS < 0.5$ at extreme angle area, $CPL = 1.0$ mm. Process of labrum moderate, triangular, obtuse and convex apically. Lower paraocular area densely tessellate with close PP. Malar space linear. Genal area broader than eye. $GW : EW = 0.8 : 0.6$, surface weakly tessellate posteriorly, smooth and shiny near eye with close PP. **Mesosoma:** Pronotum with distinct humeral angle and ridge, median longitudinal suture at anterior margin of dorsum obscure, surface densely tessellate.

Mesoscutum shagreened anteriorly, finely tessellate at rest of area, with $PP\phi 20\mu$, $IS < 1$, sparser medially. Scutellum smooth and shiny with $PP\phi 20\mu$, $IS < 0.5$, irregular in distribution. Propodeal enclosure large, finely granulate all over: dorsal face weakly roughened. Mesepisternum shagreened by coarse tessellation. *Metasoma*: Metasomal terga strongly tessellate, impunctate; posterior depressions of terga narrow, well indicated. Pygidial plate U-shaped with raised triangular area. S_{2-5} densely tessellate with close PP except S_{2-3} weakly tessellate basally, impunctate.

Type material examined: Holotype female of *melanospila*, Soochou, China (N. Gist Gee, 120), No. 23136, U. S. N. M.; Holotype female of *speculella*, Zi-ka-wei, Shanghai, China, 11. iv. 1925 (O. Piel).

Remarks: We found this species also distributed in Shanghai and Zhejiang Province, China. We will describe the male of this species in another paper.

Distribution: China (Shanghai, Jiangsu and Zhejiang Provs.).

Floral record: *Rubus hirsutus*.

Flight records: Female: late March to mid April.

3. *Andrena (Leucandrena) delicatula* Cockerell

(Figs. 5-8)

Andrena delicatula Cockerell, 1918, Ann. Mag. nat. Hist., (9)2: 481-482 [male, China]; Yasumatsu, 1941, Peking nat. Hist. Bull., 15: 275 [in list].

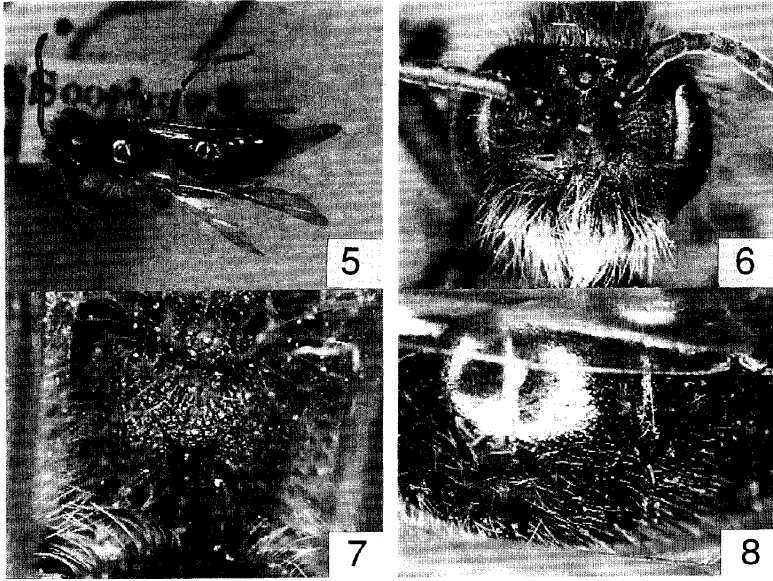
Andrena (Simandrena) koma Hirashima, 1952, Mushi, 24: 32 [female, Korea]; Tadauchi & Lee, 1992, Esakia, (32): 51 [Korea]; Tadauchi & Xu, 1995, Esakia, (35): 210 [China, Korea]. New **synonymy**

Redescription of the type: **Male**: BL 8.0 mm, WL 7.0 mm.

Color: Flagellum reddish brown beneath; mandible with apical third reddened; wing membrane infumate, veins and pterostigma reddish yellow; tibial spurs ochraceous; posterior depressions of metasomal terga dark ferruginous.

Pubescence: Hairs on head and thorax abundant, white to pale yellowish; those on clypeus long (600-700 μ), dense, white; those on antennal area mixed with bright brown; those on vertex (400-600 μ), dull whitish; those on genal area white mixed with bright brown. Hairs on dorsum of thorax (400-600 μ), dull whitish; those on mesepisternum white below, duller above; legs with white hairs. Hairs on metasomal terga short and sparse, those on T_1 (300 μ), whitish at basal area; T_{2-4} with white hair bands lateroapically; S_{2-5} with not well-formed subapical fimbriae.

Structure: *Head*: $HL / HW = 0.77$. $HW : MsW : MtW = 2.6 : 2.2 : 2.2$. Vertex densely tessellate to roughened. $OOD : POD : OCD = 0.6 : 0.4 : 0.2$. $FL_1 = FL_2$, FL_1 slender toward base, FL_2 longer than broad. Eyes with inner margins slightly converging toward mandibles. Clypeus convex medially, surface densely shagreening with coarse PP, $CPL = 0.7$ mm. Process of labrum moderate, broad and short, the ratio about 4 : 1, entire at apex. Lower paraocular area as in clypeus. Malar space linear. Genal area broader than eye, $GW : EW = 0.8 : 0.6$, surface densely tessellate with obscure PP. *Mesosoma*: Pronotum with distinct humeral angle and ridge, lateral surface with slanting rugulae behind ridge, the rest part densely tessellate. Mesoscutum finely shagreened. Scutellum finely tessellate anteriorly, densely tessellate posteriorly. Propodeal enclosure roughened



Figs. 5-8. *Andrena (Leucandrena) delicatula* Cockerell, 5: dorsal view of the whole body; 6: head in frontal view; 7: propodeum; 8: metasomal terga.

with transverse rugulae apically; dorsal face roughened, but weaker than in enclosure. Mesepisternum shagreened. Legs normal. *Metasoma*: Metasomal terga weakly tessellate, shiny with microscopic fine PP; posterior depressions of terga well indicated. Fraud pygidial plate appearing. S_{2-5} smooth and shiny, nearly impunctate.

Type material examined: Holotype male, Soochou, China (N. Gist Gee, 121), No. 23 187, U. S. N. M.

Remarks: We found it also distributed in Shanghai and Zhejiang Province, China and the female is *Andrena (Simandrena) koma* Hirashima. This species can be separated from *Andrenamelanospila* Cockerell by the more tessellated clypeus, the broader process of labrum and the rugulosed propodeal enclosure basally in both sexes.

Distribution: China (Shanghai, Zhejiang Prov.); Korea (southern and central Korea).

Floral record: China: *Rubus hirsutus*.

Flight records: Female: late April to late May. Male: late March to mid April.

4. *Andrena (Taeniandrena) callopyrrha* Cockerell

(Figs. 9- 12)

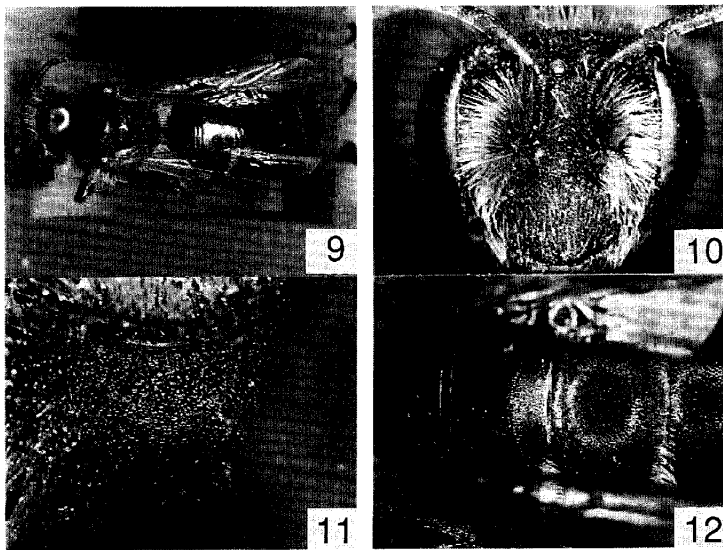
Andrena callopyrrha Cockerell, 1929, Entomologist, 62: 205 [female, China]; Cockerell, 193 1, Amer. Mus., Nov., (452): 3 [male, China]; Yasumatsu, 1941, Peking nat. Hist. Bull., 15: 274 [in list].

Redescription of the type: **Female**: BL 10.5 mm, WL 8.0 mm.

Color: Flagellum dark reddish brown beneath except FL₁ yellow basally; mandible with apical third reddened; wing membrane subhyaline, veins and pterostigma yellowish brown; legs reddish brown, tibial spurs ochraceous; posterior depressions of metasomal terga reddish brown.

Pubescence: Hairs on head yellow except antennal area reddish yellow; those on clypeus short (250-500 μ), dense basally, scanty apically; those on vertex short (300 μ), dense; facial fovea brown. Hairs on thorax reddish yellow except mesepisternum yellowish; those on mesoscutum and scutellum short (200 μ), those on metanotum dense: propodeal corbicula moderately developed, with long dorsal fringes, interior with sparse simple hairs; trochanteral floccus perfect, yellowish; femoral floccus dense: tibial scopa well developed, golden yellow, composed of long, simple hairs in front, weakly branched hairs above. Hairs on metasomal terga scanty, T₁ with short, lateral white fringes; T₂₋₄ with white hair bands, interrupted on T₂₋₃; caudal fimbria golden yellow: S₂₋₅ with long lateral subapical fimbriae.

Structure: Head: HL / HW = 0.86. HW : MsW : MtW = 3.5 : 3.2 : 3.2. Vertex densely tessellate, not roughened. OOD : POD : OCD = 0.7 : 0.5 : 0.3. FL₁ = FL₂₊₃, FL₂ = FL₃, FL₂ as long as broad. Eyes with inner margins subparallel. Facial fovea exceeding below a line at lower margins antennal fossae, broad, FVL = 1.4 mm, FVW = 0.6 mm. Facial quadrangle broader than long (about 2.5 : 2.3). Clypeus flattened, surface shagreened with obscure PP, median longitudinal impunctate line obscure, CPL = 1.2 mm. Process of labrum trapezoidal, broad and short, the ratio about 5 : 1, surface with curved rugulae, shiny medially with apex emarginate; surface below process smooth and shiny with median crista. Lower paraocular area weakly tessellate with crowded PP ϕ



Figs. 9-12. *Andrew (Taeniandrena) callopyrrha* Cockerell, 9: dorsal view of the whole body; 10: head in frontal view; 11: propodeum; 12: metasomal terga.

20 μ , IS c 0.5. Malar space rather short, about one-sixth as long as broad. Genal area as broad as eye, GW : EW = 0.8 : 0.8, surface finely shagreened posteriorly, smooth and shiny near eye. *Mesosoma*: Pronotum without humeral angle and ridge, surface shagreened. Mesoscutum weakly tessellate and shiny except shagreened anteriorly and laterally, with PP ϕ 20 μ , IS = 0.5-1. Scutellum as in mesoscutum. but PP sparser. Propodeal enclosure ill defined, roughened all over; dorsal face rugosed by coarse punctation. Mesepisternum weakly roughened anteriorly, densely tessellate posteriorly. Middle basitarsus as broad as hind basitarsus. *Metasoma*: metasomal terga finely tessellate; T₁ nearly impunctate basally, weakly punctate on subapical area; T₂₋₄ with dense minute PP, IS =1, sparse on apical area; posterior depressions of metasomal terga well indicated. Pygidial plate V-shaped, without raised triangular area. S₂₋₅ finely tessellate as in terga.

Type material examined: Holotype female, Tsinan, China, No. 553 16, U. S. N. M.

Remarks: This species is similar to *Andrena wilkella* (Kirby). It can be separated from *wilkella* by the propodeal enclosure roughened all over, the clypeus densely tessellate without obvious PP and median impunctate space and less tessellation on dorsum of thorax in female.

Distribution: China (Shandong Prov.).

Floral record: Not available.

Flight record: Female: early April.

5. *Andrena (Melandrena) crassepunctata* Cockerell

(Figs. 13- 16)

Andrena crassepunctata Cockerell, 1931, Amer. Mus. Nov., (466): 10- 1 1 [female, China]; Yasumatsu, 1941, Peking nat. Hist. Bull., 15: 275 [in list]; Kim, 1970. III. Encycl. Faun. Fl. Korea, 1 1(3): 659-660 [Korea].

Andrena crassipunctatu [sic]: Wu, 1965, Econ. Insects China IX, Apoidea: 32 [China].

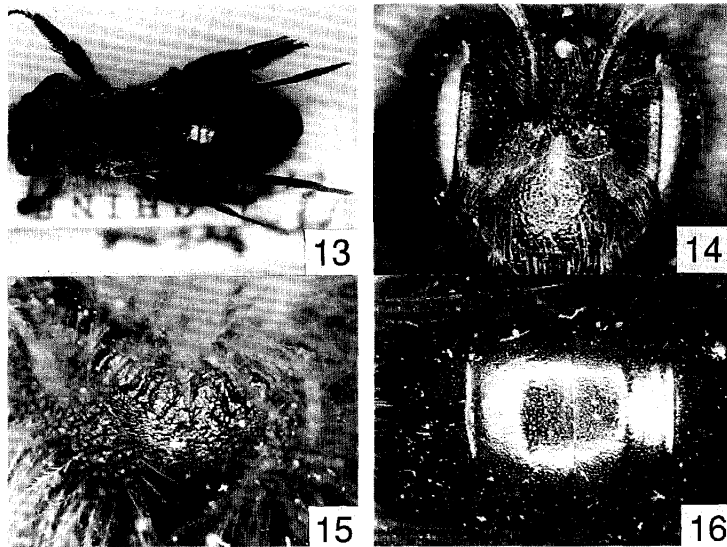
Andrenu (Gymnandrena) crassepunctata: Hirashima, 1957, Mushi, 30: 63 [China, Korea].

Andrena (Gymnundrena) crusspunctata [sic]: Kim *et al.*, 1990, Ent. Res. Bull., 16: 2-3 [Korea]; Shin *et al.*, 1994, Check List Insects Kor., 266 [in list].

Redescription of the type: **Female**: BL 13.2 mm, WL 11.4 mm.

Color: Flagellum yellowish brown beneath; mandible reddened apically; wing membrane subhyaline, dark brown, paler at apex, veins black and pterostigma dark brown with black margin; tibial spurs reddened; posterior depressions of metasomal terga dark reddish brown.

Pubescence: Hairs on head and thorax dense; those on clypeus long (600-700 μ). black; those on antennal and genal areas black; those on vertex moderately long (500 μ). black; facial fovea brown. Hairs on dorsum of thorax long (700-800 μ), yellow; those on mesepisternum black below, yellow above; propodeal corbicula well developed with dense hairs, brown with internal simple hairs; trochanteral floccus perfect. brown; femoral floccus dense; tibial scopal hairs long, simple, brown. Hairs on metasomal terga scanty, without hair band; caudal fimbria black; S₂₋₅ with complete black subapical fimbriae.



Figs. 13-16. *Andrena (Melandrena) crassepunctutu* Cockerell, 13: dorsal view of the whole body; 14: head in frontal view; 15: propodeum; 16: metasomal terga.

Structure: Head: $HL / HW = 0.87$. $HW : MsW : MtW = 3.9 : 4.3 : 5.0$. Vertex densely tessellate to roughened. $OOD : POD : OCD = 0.8 : 0.5 : 0.4$. FL_1 slightly shorter than FL_{2+3} , FL_2 subequal to FL_3 . Eyes with inner margins paralleled. Facial fovea deep, separated from inner margin of eye by broad punctate space, far exceeding below a line at lower margins antennal fossae, $FVL = 1.7$ mm, $FVW = 0.4$ mm. Facial quadrangle broader than long (about $2.9 : 2.7$). Clypeus well convex, surface with rugoso-punctate, with $PP\phi 40\mu$, $IS < 0.5$, smaller at lateral angle, with median longitudinal impunctate space, $CPL = 1.5$ mm. Process of labrum trapezoidal, large, entire apically. Lower paraocular area finely tessellate with $PP\phi 20\mu$, $IS \approx 1$. Malar space nearly linear. Genal area broader than eye, $GW : EW = 1.2 : 0.8$, surface densely tessellate posteriorly, smooth and shiny with sparse PP near eye. *Mesosoma:* Pronotum without humeral angle and ridge, surface shagreened with close PP . Mesoscutum and scutellum dulled by coarse tessellation with crowded $PP\phi 20\mu$, $IS < 0.5$. Propodeal enclosure wrinkled at basal half, densely tessellate apically; dorsal face roughened by coarse punctation. Mesepisternum shagreened anteriorly with $PP\phi 30\mu$, $IS = 1$, densely tessellate posteriorly. *Metasoma:* Metasomal terga weakly tessellate, feebly shiny; T_1 with $PP\phi 10-20\mu$, $IS < 1$ laterally and apically, sparser and irregular in distribution mediobasally; T_{2-4} with $PP\phi 20\mu$, $IS < 0.5$ laterally, sparser medially and apically; posterior depression on T_2 narrow, on T_{3-4} broad, well indicated. Pygidial plate large, U-shaped, with raised triangular area. S_{2-5} densely tessellate with crowded PP except apical areas smooth and shiny, impunctate.

Type material examined: Holotype female, Z \hat{o} -Z \hat{e} , Kiang-Sou, Chine, April 17, 1930 (Piel No. 36), AMNH.

Remarks: This species is similar to *Andrena thoracica sinensis* Cockerell, it is separated from *thoracica sinensis* by the clypeus with distinct median impunctate space, the entire process of labrum, FL₁ shorter than FL₂₊₃ in female.

Distribution: China (Beijing, Heilongjiang, Jilin, Liaoning, Hebei, Shandong, Jiangsu, Zhejiang Provs.); Korea (Kyonggi Do, Kangwon Do, Cheju Do).

Floral record: China: *Medicago sativa* L.

Flight records: Female: mid April to mid May.

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